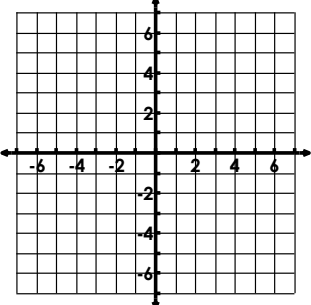
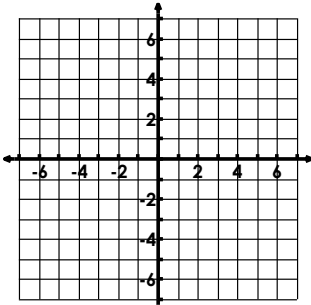


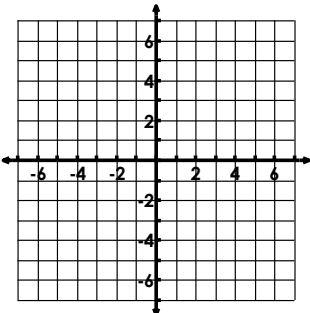
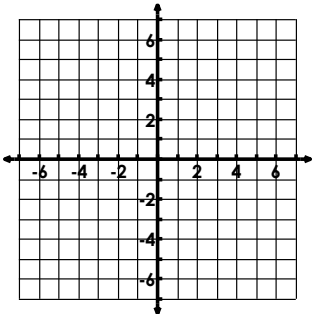
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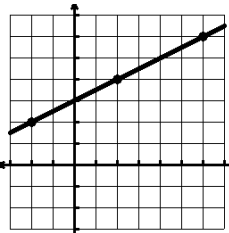
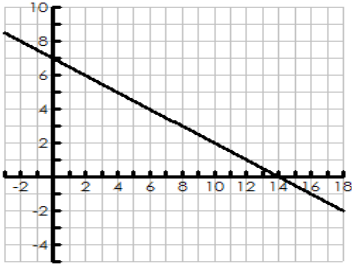
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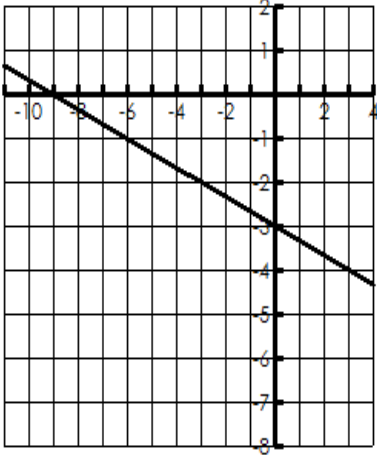
Use the following to review for you test. Work the Practice Problems on a separate sheet of paper if needed.

What you need to know & be able to do	Things to remember	Problem	Problem
Properties of Equality & Properties of Operations	Study your property sheet and algebraic proof sheets!	1. Which property is illustrated by the following: $\frac{6}{5} \cdot \frac{5}{6} = 1$	2. What is an example of the distributive property?
Linear Models	$y = mx + b$ <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <math>m</math> – increase or decrease</li> <li>• <math>b</math> – starting point</li> </ul>	3. Lucy gets paid \$150 a week and \$10 for every computer she sells. Write an expression that represents her weekly income.	4. Andy wants to mail a package. It costs \$4.99 plus \$0.30 for every ounce the package weighs. Write an equation that represents the total cost of shipping the package.
Consecutive Integers	Start with $x$ . $x + (x+1) + (x+2) + \dots =$	5. 3 consecutive integers add up to 153. Find the three integers.	6. Three ODD integers add up to 381. Find the integers.
Rectangle – Find length and width	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Draw a picture</li> <li>• Define your <math>l</math> and <math>w</math></li> <li>• Add all 4 sides</li> <li>• Solve for both variables</li> </ul>	7. The width of a rectangle is 11 feet longer than the length. The perimeter of the rectangle is 70 feet. Find the length and the width.	8. The length of a rectangle is nine inches more than the width. The perimeter is 34 inches. Find the length.
Solve for 2-variable Equations	$ax + by = c$ <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Never move the variable you're solving for.</li> </ul>	9. Tony is going to buy fruit for a smoothie. He wants raspberries, $r$ , that are \$4 a carton and strawberries, $s$ , that are \$2 a carton. Write an equation to represent all the combinations of fruit if Tony has \$18 to spend.	10. Using your equation from #15, solve for $s$ , in terms of $r$ , the number of raspberries.
			11. If he buys 2 cartons of raspberries, how many strawberries can he buy?

<p>Solve for an indicated variable</p>	<p>PEMDAS</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Backwards, from the ground up!</li> </ul>	<p>12. Solve for x: <math>y = -4x + 16</math></p>	<p>13. Solve for L: <math>P = 2(L + W)</math></p>
<p>Find the solution of a system of linear equations by <b>graphing</b>.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Get "y" by itself.</li> <li>Identify the slope (m) and the y-int (b)</li> <li><math>y = mx + b</math></li> <li>Check your answer!</li> </ul>	<p>14. <math>y = -x - 2</math> <math>x + y = 3</math></p> 	<p>15. <math>y = x + 2</math> <math>y = \frac{1}{4}x - 1</math></p> 
<p>Find the solution of a system of linear equations by <b>substitution</b>.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Solve one of the equations for a variable (either x or y).</li> <li>Substitute into the other equation.</li> <li>Plug back into the ORIGINAL!</li> <li>Check your answer!</li> </ul>	<p>16. <math>-7x + 8y = 6</math> <math>x = -4y - 6</math></p>	<p>17. <math>8x + 2y = 16</math> <math>x - y = 7</math></p>
<p>Find the solution of a system of linear equations by <b>elimination</b>.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Decide which variable you want to get rid of.</li> <li>Make sure the coefficients are opposite</li> <li>Add the two equations.</li> <li>Solve for the variable.</li> <li>Substitute back into the original.</li> <li>Check your answer!</li> </ul>	<p>18. <math>-2x - 8y = 6</math> <math>2x + 6y = -6</math></p>	<p>19. <math>12x - 8y = 12</math> <math>6x - 7y = -12</math></p>

<p>Find the solution of a system of linear equations by <b><u>the best method.</u></b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check if a pair is already opposite for elimination.</li> <li>• Check to see if either equation is already solved for a variable for substitution.</li> <li>• Check to see if the equations are already in slope-intercept form.</li> </ul>	<p>20. <math>-3x + y = 17</math> <math>8x + 7y = 3</math></p>	<p>21. <math>3x - 3y = -3</math> <math>-5x + 9y = 29</math></p>
<p>Solving a System of Linear Equations Word Problem</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Define x and y.</li> <li>• Set up two equations.</li> <li>• Decide the best method.</li> <li>• Solve.</li> <li>• End with words!</li> </ul>	<p>22. Amy's school is selling tickets to a choral performance. A senior citizen's ticket is \$6 and a child's ticket is \$15. If they made \$810 dollars and sold a total of 72 child and senior citizen tickets, how many of each ticket did they sell?</p>	<p>23. The band is selling wrapping paper for a fundraiser. Customers can buy rolls of plain wrapping paper and rolls of shiny wrapping paper. The band sold a total of 55 rolls and made \$950. If a roll of plain costs \$14 and a roll of shiny costs \$20, how many rolls of each did they sell?</p>
<p>Graphing a system of linear inequalities.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Make sure both equations are in slope-intercept form.</li> <li>• Decide if the lines will be solid or dashed.</li> <li>• Graph the lines.</li> <li>• Test a point-typically (0,0).</li> <li>• Shade appropriately.</li> </ul>	<p>24. <math>y &gt; -2x - 3</math> <math>y \leq \frac{1}{2}x + 2</math></p> 	<p>25. <math>y \leq x + 1</math> <math>y &lt; -x - 3</math></p> 

<p>Identify: <b>Function</b> or <b>Not a Function</b></p> <p><b>EXPLAIN!!!!</b></p>	<p>Graphs: Must pass the Vertical Line Test!</p> <p>Points: Inputs cannot repeat!</p>	<p>3. Function or Not a Function</p> 	<p>4. Function or Not a Function <math>\{(3,3),(4,3),(4,4),(6,5)\}</math></p>
<p>Given functions, <b>simplify</b> the expressions.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Choose the correct functions.</li> <li>Pay attention to where the number is if there is one.</li> <li>Combine Like Terms.</li> </ul>	<p><math>f(x) = x^2 + 3x - 5</math></p> <p><math>g(x) = 2x^2 - x + 2</math></p> <p><math>h(x) = 3x^3</math></p> <p>6. <math>g(x) - f(x)</math></p> <p>8. <math>f(1) + g(-2)</math></p>	<p>5. <math>f(x) + g(x)</math></p> <p>7. <math>3h(x) - 2f(x)</math></p> <p>9. <math>3f(x) + 2g(x)</math></p>
<p><b>Evaluating</b> Functions</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>SHOW WORK!</li> <li>Plug it in.</li> <li>Use parenthesis when substituting</li> </ul>	<p>10. Given, <math>g(x) = x^2 + x - 4</math></p> <p>a. Find <math>g(-2) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}</math></p> <p>b. Find <math>g(5) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}</math></p>	<p>11. <math>g(0) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}</math></p> <p><math>g(\underline{\hspace{1cm}}) = 1</math></p> 

<p>Find the <b>average rate of change</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Rate of Change</li> <li>• Average Rate of Change</li> <li>• Slope</li> </ul>	<p>12. <math>(2, -3)</math> and <math>(-2, 8)</math></p>	<p>13. When <math>x_1 = 1</math> and <math>x_2 = 3</math></p> <table border="1" data-bbox="1101 226 1312 520"> <thead> <tr> <th>x</th> <th>g(x)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>-1</td> <td>4</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>-2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>-4</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	x	g(x)	-1	4	0	2	1	0	2	-2	3	-4
x	g(x)														
-1	4														
0	2														
1	0														
2	-2														
3	-4														
<p><b>Arithmetic Sequences</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <u>Adding</u> or <u>Subtracting</u> to get to the next term</li> <li>• <math>a_n = dn + a_0</math></li> </ul>	<p>14. Write the explicit rule for the following sequence and find the 50<sup>th</sup> term: 3, 6, 9, 12, 15, 18</p>	<p>15. Write the first 4 terms in the sequence: <math>a_1 = 9</math> <math>a_n = a_{n-1} - 2</math></p>												
<p><b>Characteristics of a Linear Function</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Domain</li> <li>• Range</li> <li>• Y-int</li> <li>• X-int</li> <li>• Inc/Dec</li> <li>• Rate of Change</li> <li>• End Behavior</li> <li>• Slope</li> </ul>	<p>16.</p> 	<p>Equation: _____</p> <p>Domain: _____</p> <p>Range: _____</p> <p>X-Int: _____ Y-Int: _____</p> <p>Increasing or Decreasing</p> <p>End Behavior:</p> <p><math>x \rightarrow \infty, f(x) \rightarrow</math> _____</p> <p><math>x \rightarrow -\infty, f(x) \rightarrow</math> _____</p> <p>RoC from <math>x_1 = -6</math> to <math>x_2 = 3</math>:</p> <p>_____</p>												